## Austin High School

## Algebra I New TEKS

RC	#	R/S	TEKS	STANDARD DESCRIPTION	OLD	NOTES
		S S		add and subtract polynomials of degree one and degree two multiply polynomials of degree one and degree two		A.4A A.4A
1 Number and Algebraic Methods	11 QUESTIONS	3	A. IUD	determine the quotient of a polynomial of degree one and polynomial of degree two when divided by a polynomial of		A.4A
		S	A.10C	degree one and polynomial of degree two when the degree of the divisor does not exceed the degree of the dividend		NEW
		S	A.10D	rewrite polynomial expressions of degree one and degree two in equivalent forms using the distributive property		A.4A
		R	A.10E	factor, if possible, trinomials with real factors in the form ax2 + bx + c, including perfect square trinomials of degree two		A.4A
		S	A.10F	decide if a binomial can be written as the difference of two squares and, if possible, use the structure of a difference of		A.4A
		S		two squares to rewrite the binomial simplify numerical radical expressions involving square roots		NEW
		R	A.11B	simplify numeric and algebraic expressions using the laws of exponents, including integral and rational exponent:	A.11A	Rational Exponents
		S S		decide whether relations represented verbally, tabularly, graphically, and symbolically define a function evaluate functions, expressed in function notation, given one or more elements in their domains		A.1B A.4A
		S	A.12C	Identify terms of arithmetic and geometric sequences when the sequences are given in function form using recursive		NEW
		S	A.12D	processes write a formula for the nth term of arithmetic and geometric sequences, given the value of several of their term:	A.3B	Geometric sequence
		S		solve mathematic and scientific formulas, and other literal equations, for a specified variable determine the slope of a line given a table of values, a graph, two points on the line, and an equation written in various		A.4A
? Describing and Graphing Linear Functions, Equations, and Inequalities	12 QUESTIONS	S	A. 3A	forms, including $y = mx + b$ , $Ax + By = C$ , and $y - y1 = m(x - x1)$		A.6A
		R	A.3B	calculate the rate of change of a linear function represented tabularly, graphically, or algebraically in context of mathematical and real-world problems		A.6B A.6A
		R	A.3C	graph linear functions on the coordinate plane and identify key features, including x-intercept, y-intercept, zeros, and		A.6E
		R		slope, in mathematical and real-world problems graph the solution set of linear inegualities in two variables on the coordinate plane		A.6F A.7B
		S		determine the effects on the graph of the parent function $f(x) = x$ when $f(x)$ is replaced by $af(x)$ , $f(x) + d$ , $f(x - c)$ , $f(bx)$ for	A.6C	Horizontal transformat
				specific values o f a, b, c, and d	A.2A	
		S		graph systems of two linear equations in two variables on the coordinate plane and determine the solutions if they exist		A.8B
		S S	A.3G A.3H	estimate graphically the solutions to systems of two linear equations with two variables in real-world problems graph the solution set of systems of two linear inequalities in two variables on the coordinate plane		A.8B NEW
		S	A.4A	calculate, using technology, the correlation coefficient between two quantitative variables and interpret this quantity as a		NEW
		S	A.4B	measure of the strength of the linear association compare and contrast association and causation in real-world problems		NEW
		S		write, with and without technology, linear functions that provide a reasonable fit to data to estimate solutions and make		A.2D
7		D		predictions for real-world problems determine the domain and range of a linear function in mathematical problems; determine reasonable domain and range		A.1C A.5B
ō	14 QUESTIONS	R		values for real-world situations, both continuous and discrete; and represent domain and range using inequalitie: write linear equations in two variables in various forms, including $y = mx + b$ , $Ax + By = C$ , and $y - y1 = m(x - x1)$ , given one		A.2B
		S	A.2B	point and the slope and given two points		A.6D
ties		R	A.2C	write linear equations in two variables given a table of values, a graph, and a verbal description		A.6D A.1D
juali		S		write and solve equations involving direct variation		A.6G
3 Writing and Solving Linear Functions, Equations, and Inequalities		S S		write the equation of a line that contains a given point and is parallel to a given line write the equation of a line that contains a given point and is perpendicular to a given line		NEW NEW
		S	A.2G	write an equation of a line that is parallel or perpendicular to the x- or y-axis and determine whether the slope of the line		NEW
nos, ŝ		S		is zero or undefined write linear inequalities in two variables given a table of values, a graph, and a verbal descriptior		A.1D
and atio		R		write systems of two linear equations given a table of values, a graph, and a verbal description		A.1D A.8A
Equ		D	A.5A	solve linear equations in one variable, including those for which the application of the distributive property is necessary an	c	A.7B
3 Wri		R		for which variables are included on both sides solve linear including those for which the application of the distributive property is necessary		
		S	A.5B	and for which variables are included on both sides		A.7B
		R		solve systems of two linear equations with two variables for mathematical and real-world problems		A.8B A.2B
su	QUESTIONS	R	A.6A	determine the domain and range of quadratic functions and represent the domain and range using inequalities		A.9A
4 Quadratic Functions and Equations		S	A.6B	write equations of quadratic functions given the vertex and another point on the graph, write the equation in vertex form $(f(x) = a(x - h) 2 + k)$ , and rewrite the equation from vertex form to standard form $(f(x) = ax2 + bx + c)$		NEW
		S		write quadratic functions when given real solutions and graphs of their related equations graph quadratic functions on the coordinate plane and		NEW
		R		use the graph to identify key attributes, if possible, including x-intercept, y-intercept, zeros, maximum value, minimum	A.9D	
				values, vertex, and the equation of the axis of symmetry describe the relationship between the linear factors of quadratic expressions and the zeros of their associated quadratic		axis/symmetry
		S	A.7B	functions	A.10B	
	7	R	A.7C	determine the effects on the graph of the parent function $f(x) = x^2$ when $f(x)$ is replaced by $af(x)$ , $f(x) + d$ , $f(x - c)$ , $f(bx)$	A.2A A.9B	
		ĸ	A.70	for specific values o f a, b, c, and d	A.9C	
		R	A.8A	solve quadratic equations having real solutions by factoring, taking square roots, completing the square, and applying the quadratic formula		A.10A
		S	A.8B	write, using technology, quadratic functions that provide a reasonable fit to data to estimate solutions and make		NEW
s				predictions for real-world problems determine the domain and range of exponential functions of the form f(x) = abx and represent the domain and range using		
Exponential Functions and Equations	6 QUESTIONS	S	A.9A	inequalities		A.2B
		S	A.9B	interpret the meaning of the values of a and b in exponential functions of the form $f(x) = abx$ in real-world problems		A.11C
		R	A.9C	write exponential functions in the form $f(x) = abx$ (where b is a rational number) to describe problems arising from		A.11C
			A.9D	mathematical and real-world situations, including growth and decay graph exponential functions that model growth and decay and identify key features, including y-intercept and asymptote,		A.11C
		R		in mathematical and real-world problems write, using technology, exponential functions that provide a reasonable fit to data and make predictions for real-world		A.TTC
Li D		S	A.9E	problems		A.11C

INDICATES STANDARD IS A READINESS STANDARD (approximately 65% of STAAR EOC exam)

INDICATES STANDARD IS NEW FOR 2015-2016 SCHOOL YEAR