AP CALCULUS AB SUMMER ASSIGNMENT

Work these problems on <u>notebook paper</u>. <u>All work must be shown</u>. Use your graphing calculator only on problems 26-31 and 41-49.

Find the *x*- and *y*-intercepts and the domain and range, and sketch the graph. Determine whether each is even or odd and explain why using both graphical and algebraic evidence. <u>No calculator</u>.

1. $y = \sqrt{x-1}$ 2. $y = \sqrt{9-x^2}$ 3. $y = \frac{|x|}{x}$ 4. $y = e^x$ 5. $y = \ln x$ 6. $y = \begin{cases} -1, & \text{if } x \le -1 \\ 3x+2, & \text{if } |x| < 1 \\ 7-2x, & \text{if } x \ge 1 \end{cases}$ 7. $y = \begin{cases} x^2+1, & \text{if } x > 0 \\ -2x+2, & \text{if } x \le 0 \end{cases}$

Find the asymptotes (horizontal, vertical, and slant), symmetry, and intercepts, and sketch the graph. <u>No calculator</u>.

8. $y = \frac{1}{(x+2)^2}$ 9. $y = \frac{2(x^2-9)}{x^2-4}$ 10. $y = \frac{x^2-2x+4}{x-1}$

Solve. No calculator.

11.
$$x^2 - x - 12 > 0$$

12. $\frac{(2x+5)(x-1)^2}{(x+2)^3} \ge 0$

Evaluate. No calculator.

13. $\cos \frac{5\pi}{6}$ 14. $\sin \frac{3\pi}{2}$ 15. $\tan \frac{5\pi}{4}$ 16. $\sin \frac{7\pi}{4}$ 17. $\cos \pi$

Evaluate. No calculator.

19.
$$\tan\left(\cos^{-1}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\right)$$
 20. $\sec\left(Arc\sin\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\right)$

21. $\cos(\sin^{-1}(2x))$ 22. $\sec(Arc\tan(4x))$

Solve. Give exact answers in radians, $0 \le x \le 2\pi$. No calculator.

23. $2\sin^2 x - \cos x = 1$ 24. $\tan^2 x - \sec x = 1$ 25. $2\sin(3x) - \sqrt{3} = 0$

Solve. Show all steps. Give the exact answer and then use your calculator, and give decimal answers correct to **three** decimal places.

26. $e^{2x} - 5e^x + 6 = 0$ 27. $\frac{50}{4 + e^{2x}} = 11$ 28. $\ln(5x - 1) = 3$ 29. $\log_2(x+3) + \log_2(x-1) = \log_2 12$ 30. $\log_6(\log_4(\log_2 x)) = 0$

31. The number of students in a school infected with the flu *t* days after exposure is modeled by the function 300

$$P(t) = \frac{e^{-e^{-t}}}{1 - e^{4-t}}$$

(a) How many students were infected after three days?

(b) When will 100 students be infected?



Evaluate. Show supporting work for each problem (algebraic steps or sketch). No calculator.

33.
$$\lim_{x \to 3} \frac{x^2 + x - 6}{x + 3}$$
34.
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{(x - 5)^2 - 25}{x}$$
35.
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sqrt{x + 1} - 1}{x}$$
36.
$$\lim_{x \to 3} \frac{1}{(x - 3)^2}$$
37.
$$\lim_{x \to 3^+} |x - 3| + 4$$
38.
$$\lim_{x \to 3^-} \frac{|x - 3|}{x - 3}$$
39.
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 - x, \text{ if } x \le 1 \\ x^2, \text{ if } x > 1 \end{cases}$$
(a)
$$\lim_{x \to 1^-} f(x)$$
(b)
$$\lim_{x \to 1^+} f(x)$$
(c)
$$\lim_{x \to 1} f(x)$$
40.
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 - x - 6}{x - 3}, \text{ if } x \ne 3 \\ 4, \text{ if } x = 3 \end{cases}$$
(a)
$$\lim_{x \to 3} f(x)$$
(b)
$$f(3)$$

Rates and Areas

The following graph gives the rate of rainfall (velocity) over a period of time that is collected in a basin.

Each x square is 1 hr

Each y square if .1 inch per pour

- 41. What does a negative rate mean?
- 42. How much water (position) is in the basin after 5 hours? 11 hours? 22 hours?
- 43. At what rate is the rate of rainfall changing (acceleration) at 21 hours?

The motion of a projectile follows the position equation $s(t) = -16t^2 + 96t + 256$

- 44. What it the average velocity of the projectile on the interval [3, 7]
- 45. Use the definition of the derivative to find the derivative at time $t = t_0$.
- 46. At what time does the projectile strike the ground?
- 47. What is its instantaneous velocity when it strikes the ground?
- 48. What is the maximum height the projectile reaches?
- 49. What is the instantaneous velocity at t = 4 seconds?